

The new **Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard** will replace the existing Inclusive Fitness Initiative and has been co-written between Activity Alliance and Quest. It aims to support leisure operators to provide more inclusive and accessible physical activity opportunities for people from different Inequality groups, whilst providing a review of the accessibility of the facility design and operational procedures for different user groups.

The standard combines Quest Tackling Inequality, Accessible Facilities, and the Compliance Declaration modules together. To achieve the Standard, you must score Very Good in both the Quest Tackling Inequality and Accessible Facilities separate modules and pass the Compliance Declaration within a 3-month period.

The Standard can be completed as part of a full Quest Plus Assessment, or as an independent standalone award.

Module Outcome

Get more people active, particularly those who are inactive and/or experiencing inequalities.

Support leisure operators to provide more inclusive and accessible physical activity opportunities for people from different inequality groups.

Embed an inclusive approach and culture within the leisure organisation.

Use of local data to support community and partnership engagement.

Develop the positive co-production of services and products which attract and retain new and diverse audiences.

To help facility managers, building owners and operators review if Management have embedded accessibility across the organisation, including procurement, maintenance, upgrades, and refurbishments.

Help identify if equipment selection is well-informed and inclusive of a range of disabled customers.

To help facility managers, building owners and operators meet their design and operational obligations.

To help the Facility and management team meet their obligations under The Equality Act 2010.

Help identify and avoid physical barriers that might otherwise limit the use of the facility by disabled people.







Focal Points - Questions to consider in preparation for your Assessment

Outside of their initial induction, do staff receive further training and support on tackling inequalities?

Is usage by people experiencing inequalities increasing year on year?

Has there been a review of your facility accessibility within the last 12 months?

Has the facility a published access statement for all users? (Online, within the facility, printed media)

Do you actively increase the number of stakeholders that you work with year on year?

All staff have completed disability awareness training.

Have management liaised with local groups/communities to ensure the facility is accessible for their needs?

Have management considered how they communicate/market to people with a disability?

Have people with disabilities been considered within the risk assessment process?

Is your facility accessible and suitable for staff who have a disability?

Does the facility have accessible equipment within their activity areas?

Tackling Inequalities

Mystery Visit – completed by Assessor prior to the assessment date								
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent			
Does the facility's website or social media platform provide quality inclusive, up to date information that	Unable to easily find the website.	Able to find the website. The links did work but layout was difficult to use.	Website was easy to locate, all links working, and it was easy to navigate.	Website was very easy to locate, all links working, it was easy to navigate, with good use of accessibility tools.	Clear customer centric design and messaging used on both platforms.			
engages with their local community?	The website links failed to work, the layout of the website was difficult to use, no contact us information available.	Some information on programming, product and pricing was available.	Basic information provided on all products, pricing, and programming.	Information provided on product and programming was linked to accessible images and videos of user participation.	Useful information linked to accessibility is clearly understood, and communicated, reflecting the community it services.			

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard







Mystery Visit - complet	ed remotely by Assessor	prior to the assessment o	late		
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
	Unable to easily find or access the social media or if the page had not been updated in over 3 months.	Not all products had clear descriptions or identified who the activity would be suitable for.	Good use of images to reflect the local community.	Social Media was up to date and used accessibility features such as text overlay on images	Quick and easy joining, booking and payment process with effective calls to action.
		Social media site had been updated within the last 2 weeks, but content lacked engagement.	Social media site was up to date using a variety of engagement tools and imagery.	Clear information is provided on how to access and book the facility without using a digital method.	Inclusive, navigational and search in use to access up to date, informative content.
		Several areas for improvement have been identified.	Social media content covered a variety of different services and products.		There is a responsive and inclusive design.
Are the activities and program varied and accessible to meet the needs of the community?	The program of activities is not varied in content or suitable for a wide range of users.	The program of activities was varied and would be suitable for most customers.	Balanced programme, of activities is available that has considered specific customers from the community.	There is a range of specific and inclusive opportunities reflecting the needs of the community.	The organisation demonstrates innovative programming approaches to cater for the needs of the community.
		The program lacks consideration of underrepresented groups or those with additional needs.	Programming and activities are in place for specific groups and customers.	The program is varied in content, and provision is balanced throughout the different days and times of the week.	Staff are trained to be able to adapt their activities to suit the needs of a wide- ranging audience.

November 2022 Issue 2

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard

Page 3 of 22





Mystery Visit - complet	Mystery Visit – completed remotely by Assessor prior to the assessment date						
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent		
		Multiple areas for improvement have been identified.	Some consideration has been given to equipment provision to improve accessibility (e.g., Pool hoist, signage, alternative languages, baby change facilities).	There is evidence that programs have been codesigned and coproduced.	There is evidence of high-level consideration to equipment provision to improve accessibility.		
		Provision is mainly through specific sessions (e.g., disability-specific or ladies only sessions).	Balanced programme, for example between membership/pay as you play; courses/classes; club hire and directly organised sessions/initiatives available to a wide range customer from the target groups.		There is a range of audience specific and inclusive opportunities reflecting the needs of the targeted customers and groups and proactive support to overcoming any barriers to participation.		
Has the facility considered and communicated venue accessibility to the customers?	There are many physical and organisational barriers which prevent people from accessing facilities and services.	There is an Accessibility Statement available on the facilities website.	Marketing and communications linked to accessibility is in place linked to website.	Marketing and communications linked to accessibility is in place linked to website and in-house promotions.	There is strong evidence of a dedicated Marcomms strategy linked to stakeholder and community engagement.		







Mystery Visit - complete	1ystery Visit - completed remotely by Assessor prior to the assessment date							
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent			
	There is little or no evidence of venue accessibility being communicated to the general public.	Basic Accessibility has been considered in the building design but there are several areas for improvement.	Venue-specific accessibility information is available upon request.	Venue-specific accessibility information about the facility is available and promoted in multiple methods.	Detailed and comprehensive facility-specific accessibility information is available and actively promoted internally and externally to customers.			
			Organisation has achieved a basic level of accessibility through the identification and removal of common barriers to access.	Organisation has achieved a good level of accessibility through the identification and removal of common barriers to access.	The organisation is proactively asking for feedback about their programmes and facilities accessibility.			
					Customer feedback is positive about the facilities accessibility.			







Plan					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Has the business plan been coproduced, with a clear approach based on local needs and priorities to tackle inequalities?	Business strategy/plan has no clear reference to equality, diversity and inclusion or tackling inequalities.	Business strategy/plan is based on local insight which references equality, diversity, and inclusion.	There is a well-informed business strategy/plan in place covering equality, diversity and inclusion which has a high level of ownership and understanding within the staff team.	There is a well-informed coproduced business strategy/plan covering equality and inclusion with clear purpose, vision, and business objectives, which is owned by trustees and staff and is well communicated to stakeholders and partners.	There is a well-informed coproduced three-to-five-year business strategy/plan in place clearly articulating and evidencing equality and inclusion which has been developed with stakeholders and is well communicated/understood.
	No stakeholder consultation or involvement has occurred.	Some consultation with a small range of local people and/or organisations has taken place.	There is a clear commitment to increasing provision and participation levels amongst people experiencing inequalities.	Collaboration with partners to inform plans.	Representative members of the local community are able to feedback and influence the development and delivery of the business plan with robust KPI's which reflect local priorities and national outcome
	There is little or no clarity on purpose, vision, values and business objectives and little/no measurement of what is most important to success.	There is evidence that the needs of people experiencing inequalities and the local community have been considered.	Planning is clearly led by local priorities/needs and has involved and engaged staff and key stakeholders.	Measures and targets are in place with a clear focus, supported by robust review processes and improvement planning.	There is an inclusive culture of high-quality provision, continuous improvement, and an unrelenting focus on getting a wide range of people active.

November 2022 Issue 2



Page 6 of 22





Plan	lan							
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent			
		The organisation tends to be responsive to change rather than proactive within the equality market.	Success measures and targets are clearly set out and linked to local needs.	The organisation's operations are driven by the business strategy/plan and are underpinned by effective and efficient financial management systems, policies, and procedures.	There is good evidence that the business strategy/plan is a live document and is underpinned by excellent financial management systems, policies, and procedures.			
			The organisation demonstrates a balance of being proactive as well as responsive in pursuit of its equality and inclusion objectives.	The organisation is predominantly proactive in pursuit of its equality and inclusion objectives.	The organisation has a reputation amongst partners and funders for innovation and enterprise and for being 'ahead of the curve' with its equality and inclusion objectives.			
			There is evidence of an inclusive culture and shared vision.		Feedback from local people is proactively sought for continuous improvement purposes.			







Plan					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Are policies and procedures reviewed to ensure they are inclusive, embedded and communicated to customers and staff?	Relevant policies and procedures are in place but there is no formal review process in place.	Main policies and procedures linked to local insight are in place and are relevant to people experiencing inequalities and adequate to the operation of the venue or organisation.	Main policies and procedures linked to local insight are in place and are relevant to people experiencing inequalities and adequate to the operation of the venue, organisation, and key stakeholders.	All policies and procedures are well informed by local and national insights ensuring they are inclusive of a wide range of customer needs.	There is widespread consultation and expert input on policy content and the review process.
	There is no formal communication plan with either staff or stakeholders.	Internal review of processes and procedures in place but with limited consideration for stakeholder input or feedback.	Policies are proactively communicated within the organisation and stakeholders and supported by training for staff outside of their initial induction.	Staff are aware of the organisation's policy and procedures through provision of ongoing training, adopted by all staff, senior management/directors and board members where required.	There is evidence that policies and procedures are fully embedded, regularly monitored and reviewed and an action plan is being implemented on a progressive basis.
	The organisation is inward looking and does not seek out or share best practice in the sector.	Policies exist but are not well communicated or embedded within the organisation.	There are comprehensive procedures in place to review policies and procedures on an annual basis linked to local insights.	Organisation seeks out best practice from the sector.	There is evidence that these policies are accessible, available in all formats and actively promoted having been approved by the Board of Directors.
			There has been a review of the facilities accessibility within the last 12 months.	A designated lead officer and action plan are in place.	There is an EDI champion in place with a remit to act.

November 2022 Issue 2

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard

Page 8 of 22







Do					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Are sufficient resources allocated to deliver, embed, and communicate the business plan to workforce and partners?	Trustees, directors, and the senior management team are unable to describe the purpose, vision, values, and high-level business goals surrounding tackling inequalities and inclusion.	There is evidence that trustees, directors, and staff understand the organisation's purpose, vision, values, and business goals surrounding inequalities and inclusion.	Trustees, directors, senior managers, and delivery staff can articulate a shared purpose, vision, values, and current business goals surrounding inequalities and inclusion.	Trustees, directors, senior managers, and delivery staff have been trained and can articulate the purpose, vision, values, and current business goals surrounding inequalities and inclusion.	Trustees, directors, senior managers, and delivery staff actively champion the organisation's purpose, vision, values, and current business goals surrounding inequality and inclusion.
	There is little or no evidence of an inclusive culture within the organisation.	The management team appreciate the importance of inclusion and offer limited resources to pursue work in this area.	The importance of tackling inequalities is recognised and prioritised.	Tackling inequalities is a key priority audience with appropriate resources allocated.	Tackling inequalities is a significant focus for the organisation's leadership with suitable resources allocated.
	There are no dedicated resources in place to support the implementation or communication of the business plan.	A formal Marcomms strategy is in place to support the implementation or communication of the business plan.	The organisation's operations relate back to the business strategy/plan and are underpinned by the financial management systems, policies, and procedures.	The organisation seeks out best practice both internally and externally in the sector, and good relationships exist with key inclusion and equality partners at local, regional, and national levels.	The organisation has a strong reputation which can be evidenced locally and/or nationally for delivering and disseminating inclusion best practice.







Do					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
		There is a formal staff communication process/platform in place where they are kept up to date with the organisation's performance and strategy on tackling inequalities.	There is evidence of an inclusive culture with identified improvement plans in place.	There is a clear feedback process for performance and feedback is regularly sought to improve service provision and processes exist to disseminate and implement best practice.	Strong, effective, and productive partnerships exist with key equality organisations.
			There is evidence of a budget to support staff training and continuous improvement in this area.	The organisation has a good reputation for being inclusive and accessible and its inclusion work is making a positive contribution to the organisation's success.	Feedback is constantly sought to deliver new, innovative delivery models and processes.
				There is a published access statement for all users.	Coaching and mentoring are used to develop leadership capabilities and there is evidence of succession planning around inequality and inclusion.

November 2022 Issue 2

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard

Page 10 of 22





Do					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Does insight and consultation inform procurement to ensure sufficient and suitable inclusive equipment is available?	Some basic equipment available. Not maintained and no staff training in place.	Adequate equipment available. Is maintained and stored correctly, with some staff trained on its use.	Organisation provides well maintained equipment that is correctly stored and required to deliver programmes and meet a range of customers' needs.	Equipment selection is well-informed and inclusive of a range of customers.	There is widespread consultation and expert input on equipment selection and usage for both specific audiences and inclusive products.
	No evidence of consultation, local or national insight considered in the procurement of equipment.	Basic consultation has been conducted with existing clients on equipment requirements.	Very good quality consultation has taken place with regards to equipment purchase, and specific policies and programmes have been put in place to ensure access to services and information.	Organisation seeks out insight and best practice from the sector and specific target groups (existing and potential customers) are consulted during procurement.	Research and insight into the needs and preferences of local people has fully informed the planning process, resulting in programmes, equipment and services that deliver 'what people want,' with clear targets and outcomes linked to target audiences.
			There is evidence that an adequate number of staff are aware and able to operate relevant equipment.	Staff training on equipment selection and use is embedded across the organisation with demonstrable impact.	Continuous programme of improvement exists for equipment provision.







Do							
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent		
				Availability of equipment is clearly communicated externally with customers.	Innovative programming and equipment selection are attracting new target audiences and increasing participation with underrepresented groups. Innovative methods are used to communicate with customers about the availability of		
					equipment.		







Measurement, Monitori					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
How do you ensure your communications are inclusive, effective and reach your intended audience(s)?	There is no communication plan or strategy and limited/restricted access to skills and resources to deliver inclusive and accessible marketing communications.	Available market research and customer insight, data and feedback has been used to develop an inclusive communication strategy or plan.	Accessible communication materials encourage uptake by a wide range of users and there are specific processes in place for those with additional needs.	An inclusive communication strategy/plan is well established and is being embedded within the organisation. It has very clear objectives which can be related to tackling inequalities.	Communication and marketing principles focused on behaviour change models are embedded in the marketing strategy/plan and its delivery, which is fully inclusive and embedded within the organisation.
		There is some investment in skills and modest implementation of accessible communications.	Investment is apparent in skills to implement a range of inclusive marketing and communication approaches.	Internal and out- sourced marketing teams can demonstrate the ability to deliver accessible communications.	Innovative communication techniques and tools are being used to reach inequality groups and their networks through a range of communications and channels.
				Most online and offline communications are accessible and follow established good practice guidelines.	Communication and marketing materials have been coproduced and market tested with relevant stakeholders and potential user groups.

November 2022 Issue 2

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard



Page 13 of 22





Measurement, Monitori	Measurement, Monitoring and Review				
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Can you demonstrate that you have proactively engaged with partners to develop, improve and deliver effective services to tackle inequalities?	There is very limited commitment to and practice of effective partnership or collaborative working around inequalities and inclusion.	Partnerships and collaborations exist with a limited number of identified agencies and community partners around inequalities and inclusion.	Partnerships exist with all agencies identified as important to the organisation, and there is demonstrable evidence of collaborative working around inequalities and inclusion.	Partnership and collaborative working is well established, driven by use of insight and a key part of local planning, marketing and communication planning designed to deepen reach and widen access.	Shared outcome- based planning provides focus, stakeholders and partners are regularly involved in all planning, decision making and review processes around inequalities.
		Plans are in place to improve and develop partnerships and collaborative working.	Where partnerships and collaborations are in place there is a structured and well thought out approach taken.	Stakeholder mapping is proactive and well managed. There's a focus on building relationships with organisations that have influence, a deeper reach, and a commitment to help strategic plans around inequalities and inclusion.	Clear evidence of increased market penetration and impact in identified development areas, particularly around the participation of underrepresented groups and a resulting increase in physical activity levels.
			Staff work proactively to build collaborations with providers in the key statutory sectors and with voluntary, third sector, community, and commercial organisations.	Approach identifies the outputs and outcomes all agencies want to see achieved through jointly working with the resources/skills that are available. Agreements are in place where needed.	

November 2022 Issue 2

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard

Page 14 of 22





Impact					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
Can you demonstrate the impact and difference you have made in tackling inequalities?	No mechanisms in place to collect quality user data.	Some breakdowns of usage data and baseline performance measures are in place.	Data collection allows clear disaggregation of usage and evidence shows demonstrable growth in activity levels by people against KPIs.	Measurement and target setting is fully embedded with evidence of strong partnerships with local relevant organisations on programmes, and outputs/outcomes jointly planned and shared.	Data analysis and feedback is used to develop targeted interventions to attract new users and retain existing customers that reflect the diverse local community.
	Existing data collection mechanisms are largely inaccessible to most customers.	Customer satisfaction is measured at programme level through accessible methods for specific initiatives.	Customer satisfaction for target groups is regularly tested and is seen to be improving.	Facility targets and key performance indicators are being achieved with year-on-year growth in peoples' participation demonstrated.	The organisation recognises the potential to scale up successful activities and is actively doing so.
	No performance baseline or clear strategy for improvement exists.	There is limited evidence of benefit, primarily via case studies of individuals, or at single initiative level.	Benchmarking indicates that participation rates are reflective of local population data.	Evidence indicates that customers/members of the community and partners are advocating the organisation and that services are highly regarded.	There is good evidence that the organisation's approach to equality and inclusion has resulted in sustained core funding and/or new work/funding being secured.







Impact					
Challenge:	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
	The organisation is unable to provide evidence of satisfaction levels or the benefits that programmes have on the lives of the target groups.		Data capture and analysis is accessible and well planned. It provides a rationale for interventions, priorities, and the setting of short- and long-term objectives.	Programmes and activities are impacting on local well-being outcomes and inactivity levels amongst a wide range of people.	The organisation has an excellent reputation for the quality, value and impact of its work and is helping to inform and shape local/strategic priorities and assessments of need.
			The organisation has an internal reporting process in place including an impact report but there is limited evidence of the difference it is making or the impact the service is generating with partners, stakeholders, funders, or commissioners.	Regular feedback is sought through accessible data collection mechanisms from organisations and local people, with improvement, innovation and change communicated internally and externally.	There is significant progress against national strategic outcomes that have been agreed with local partners that is measured in terms of social and economic impact value.
			The facility actively increases the number of stakeholders that they work with year on year.	There is substantial evidence of improvements to the provision of services for underrepresented groups and increases in participation levels.	There is substantial evidence of high and increasing participation levels by underrepresented groups, alongside innovation in support of long-term sustainable success.







Accessible Facilities

Area	A physical assessment will be done on the day of the assessment. These requirements will be scored as Yes or No and then a banding will be applied.	Guidance to help identify if the answer is Yes, No or N/A.
	Clear identifiable turnetile signed and gets	Accessible turnstiles and gates have clear signage taking into account colour contrast, lighting and text size.
	Clear identifiable turnstile, signage and gate	Gate is wide enough for a sports wheelchair, some require a design width of 1.2m.
Cananal		If the gate is not accessible, there should be a clear method to request additional support.
General		Circulation areas are wide enough for use by wheelchairs.
	Circulation areas clear	There is a firm, smooth and clear pathway in place in all circulation areas.
	Doors easy to open	If doors are automatic, they should remain open long enough for slow-moving people to pass through them.
		If doors are not automatic, they should be easy to open or there should be a clear method to request additional support.
		Signage has been placed in logical locations.
	Signage to facility areas large and clear	Letter heights within the signage have been adjusted and increased to enable them to be read from a distance.
		Signage has good colour contrast.
	Are braille or tactile signs in use throughout the facility? <i>Please</i> note tactile signs include raised letters or symbols so can be read by touch.)	Yes or No.

November 2022 Issue 2

Tackling Inequalities in Leisure Standard

Page 17 of 22







Area	A physical assessment will be done on the day of the assessment. These requirements will be scored as Yes or No and then a banding will be applied.	Guidance to help identify if the answer is Yes, No or N/A.
	Alternative methods to obtain literature, electronic leaflets, and website are available, with information being available in large print upon request.	Yes or No.
	Are assistance dogs welcome within the facility?	Signage and/or information on the website indicate that assistance dogs are welcome within the facility.
General	Is access to all seating areas accessible via wheelchair?	The access route to the seating area is clear and unobstructed
		Designated wheelchair spaces have been identified in seating areas.
		If doors to seating areas are not automatic, they should be easy to open or there should be a clear method to request additional support.
	Working lift to all facility areas (if out of order an assessment fails)	If the facility has public areas across multiple areas, working lifts should be available and large enough to fit in a sports wheelchair user.
	Clearly signposted accessible or blue badge holder bays	Yes or No.
Car Park	Drop kerbs	Are in place and have smooth edging.
	Ramps into centre and handrails	Is there a ramp? Are there handrails in place?
		Is the area well maintained?
Cycle Parking	Provision should be made for parking cycles in secure locations away from pedestrian routes.	Is the area well-lit at night?
		Is the area sheltered?
		In public view (or covered by CCTV or in a cage with an access code)
		Closer than, or close to, the nearest available car parking spaces.







Area	A physical assessment will be done on the day of the assessment. These requirements will be scored as Yes or No and then a banding will be applied.	Guidance to help identify if the answer is Yes, No or N/A.
Cycle Parking	Is there space for adapted cycles and tandems?	Adapted or tandem cycles are likely to require a larger space, as such there should be dedicated well-marked slots reserved for adapted cycles.
	Automatic doors or clearly displayed process for entry	Automatic doors should be in working order.
Entrance	The second of th	There should be a clear method to request additional support.
	If glass doors, it is obvious you can tell if the door is open or closed.	Vertical lines and glass safety stickers/graphics are in place and located at multiple different eye levels.
December	Low-level counter	The typical height of a wheelchair armrest is about 29 inches, a recommended countertop height for a person using a wheelchair is a minimum of 28 inches and should be no higher than 34 inches.
Reception	Hearing loop signage in place and hearing loop working	Yes or No.
	Sufficient lighting	The lighting level is a minimum of 100 lux.
	Unisex policy, for carers of the opposite sex	Yes or No.
Changing	Clear of rubbish, not used as storage	Yes or No.
Rooms	Alarm cord is in place, not tied	Yes or No.
	Doors are not too heavy	Yes or No.
	Clothes hook at the correct level	Accessible clothes hooks are located within the reach range of 1050mm and 1400mm above floor level.







Area	A physical assessment will be done on the day of the assessment. These requirements will be scored as Yes or No and then a banding will be applied.	Guidance to help identify if the answer is Yes, No or N/A.
		A tip-up seat should be available.
	Shower adjustable	Shower chairs should be available and located conveniently.
Changing Rooms		Shower controls are easily accessible.
ROOMS		Handrails should be easy to grip, with an outside diameter of 45 - 50mm.
	Grab rails for the shower and toilet	Handrails are robustly fixed to the walls.
		Handrails should be smooth to the touch.
	Benches in place	Changing benches should be a minimum width of 450mm, with a smooth surface, and set at a height of 480mm.
	Space for a wheelchair to turn around with the door open and closed	The space required for a smooth U-turn in a standard wheelchair is 1970mm by 1530mm.
	Unisex policy, for carers of the opposite sex	Yes or No.
	Clear of rubbish, not used as storage	Yes or No.
	Alarm cord is in place, not tied	Yes or No.
Toilets	Grab rails for the toilet	Handrails should be easy to grip, with an outside diameter of 45 - 50 mm. Handrails are robustly fixed to the walls. Handrails should be smooth to the touch.
	Consumables and drier accessible	Consumable items and driers (if in place) are located in areas accessible to disabled users.
	Clothes hook at the correct level	Accessible clothes hooks are located within the reach range of 1050mm and 1400mm above floor level.
	Space for a wheelchair to turn around with door open and closed	The space required for a smooth U-turn in a standard wheelchair is 1970mm by 1530mm.







Area	A physical assessment will be done on the day of the assessment. These requirements will be scored as Yes or No and then a banding will be applied.	Guidance to help identify if the answer is Yes, No or N/A.
Pool	Hoist, ramp, or chairs to the pool	One of these should be in place, well-maintained and in good working order. (Evidence of service records required)
(May be N/A)	Rails for steps (rather than a ladder)	Rails should be firmly secured, smooth to the touch and in good working order.
Café (May be N/A)	Low counter	The typical height of a wheelchair armrest is about 29 inches, a recommended countertop height for a person using a wheelchair is a minimum of 28 inches and should be no higher than 34 inches.







Notes Section: Please use this space to make additional notes/comments

Area	Additional Notes
	Area



